

UNIVERSIDAD DE CASTILLA - LA MANCHA

FCTS credits: 6

Academic year: 2022-23

Group(s): 30

Duration: C2

ond language: French

English Friendly: Y Bilingual: N

GUÍA DOCENTE

1. General information

rse: SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM WORKSHOP II

Type: FLECTIVE

Degree: 377 - UNDERGRADUATE DEGREE PROGRAMME IN JOURNALISM

Center: 12 - FACULTY OF COMMUNICATION

Year: 4

Main language: Spanish Use of additional languages:

Web site

Lecturer: RUBEN RAMOS ANTON - Group(s): 30					
Building/Office	Department	Phone number	Email	Office hours	
Facultad de Comunicación / 2.10	DPTO. EN CONSTITUCIÓN		Ruben.Ramos@uclm.es		

Not established

3. Justification in the curriculum, relation to other subjects and to the profession

At a time when technology facilitates widespread access to sources of information, it becomes more necessary than ever for professional journalism to offer deeper and documented interpretations of social reality, such as those presented by the different branches of journalistic specialization. This kind of journalism requires not only a different training, but also a differentiated theoretical foundation according to the different areas; scientific and cultural journalism, investigative and data journalism, mobile and brand journalism, as well as local journalism, judicial, economic, etc. Addressing sectoral audiences that demand this information requires mastering concepts, terminologies and research methods (quantitative and qualitative) that approximate journalistic practice to various branches of specialized and scientific knowledge. The workshop of Specialized Journalism tries to bring future journalists to these competitions

4. Degree competences achieved in this course

Course	00m	petences	
Course	COIII	betences	

E02

Code Description

Capacity and ability to communicate in the language of each traditional communication media (press, photo, radio, television), and in their modern combined versions (multimedia) and new E01

digital formats (Internet), using hypertext

Capacity and ability to fluently and effectively express and communicate both orally and in writing, by adequately using the most appropriate linguistic and literary resources to each

Capacity and ability to retrieve, organise, analyse and process information and communication with the aim of disseminating, conveying or processing it for private or collective use through different media and formats, or for the creation of all types of productions.

Capacity and ability to search, select and classify any type of relevant source or document (whether written, sound, visual, etc.) for the production and processing of information, as well as for E06

use in persuasive communication or in fiction and entertainment.

Capacity and ability to design formal and aesthetic elements for written, graphic, audiovisual and digital media, as well as to use IT techniques for representation and conveyance of facts and E10

data via infographic systems

E11 Capacity and ability to use Information and Communication technologies and techniques in the different media or in combined and interactive media (multimedia) systems.

Capacity for devising, planning and executing Information or Communication projects. E13

Capacity to experiment and innovate by learning and using techniques and methods applied to improvement of quality and self-assessment processes. Develop capacity for autonomous E14

learning, adaptation to change and creativity-driven innovation.

Knowledge about Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs). G02 G03 Adequate oral and written communication skills

Apply and transmit journalistic knowledge in an understandable, professional and ethical manner to citizens G06

Learn techniques to search, identify, select and compile information, as well as the methods needed to critically analyse any type of sources, documents and facts, both to adequately process G10

and transform them into significant information by using the relevant informative and communicative language.

5. Objectives or Learning Outcom Course learning outcome

Not established

Additional outcomes

- Identify, select, interpret and discover matters of public interest
- Describe with journalistic precision and rigor a matter of public interest based on the investigation of its most important aspects and the collection of relevant data and sources
- Correctly analyze and rigorously interpret data and statistics from the main sources used in precision journalism Handle with skill the computer tools for the analysis and journalistic presentation of statistical data
- Precise handling of specialized language in the various fields of journalistic specialization (judicial, scientific, research, etc.)
- Apply the rules of the scientific method in the investigation of social problems of public interest
- Develop and develop appropriate journalistic genres or formats, according to current trends
 Discover and expose informatively relevant facts from surveys and surveys, electronic repositories of data or documentary archives

Unit 1: LANGUAGES, GENRES, SOURCES AND FORMATS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM

Unit 2: LEVELS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM

Unit 2.1 Research

Unit 2.2 Precision Unit 2.3 Data

Unit 3: APPLICATIONS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM: governance, transparency and journalism Unit 3.1 Statistics and public policies

Unit 3.2 Local Transparency and governance

Unit 3.3 Welfare state statistics

Unit 4: APPLICATIONS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM (2): Public Opinion and journalistic accuracy

Unit 4.1 Surveys and polls

Unit 4.2 Political Culture and Public Opinion

Unit 4.3 In-depth interviews and live stories

7. Activities, Units/Modules and Methodology							
Training Activity	Methodology	Related Competences (only degrees before RD 822/2021)	ECTS	Hours	As	Com	Description
Class Attendance (theory) [ON-SITE]	Lectures	G02 G06	1.4	35	N		-
Class Attendance (practical) [ON-SITE]	project-based learning	E01 E02 E10 E11	0.8	20	N		
Portfolio Development [OFF-SITE]	Practical or hands-on activities	E03 E10 G06	2.8	70	Υ	N	i e
Writing of reports or projects [OFF-SITE]	Practical or hands-on activities	E01 E02 E03	0.8	20	Υ	N	1
Final test [ON-SITE]			0.08	2	Υ	Y	/
Project or Topic Presentations [ON-SITE]	Problem solving and exercises	G02 G03 G06 G10	0.12	3	Υ	N	1
		Total:	6	150			
Total credits of in-class work: 2.4							Total class time hours: 60
		Total credits of out of class work: 3.6					Total hours of out of class work: 90

As: Assessable training activity

8. Evaluation criteria and Grading System							
Evaluation System	Continuous	Non-continuous	Description				
Evaluation by stem	assessment	evaluation*	Description .				
Projects	20.00%	0.00%	On current issues or controversies				
Test	50.00%	50.00%					
Oral presentations assessment	5.00%	0.00%					
Theoretical exam	25.00%	50.00%					
Total:	100.00%	100.00%					

According to art. 4 of the UCLM Student Evaluation Regulations, it must be provided to students who cannot regularly attend face-to-face training activities the passing of the subject, having the right (art. 12.2) to be globally graded, in 2 annual calls per subject, an ordinary and an extraordinary one (evaluating 100% of the competences).

Evaluation criteria for the final exam:

Continuous assessment:

The mark for this subject is an average of the marks obtained in all the practicals and assignments carried out during the four-month period, plus the evaluation of the presence and performance in class. In order to be eligible for the evaluation it will be necessary to obtain a minimum mark of 4 in each of the tests.

The rules on plagiarism and spelling correction common to the Degree will be applied to the presentation of assignments and written tests. Exercises, assignments and practicals that are shown to be plagiarised will receive a mark of 0 points. Repetition of plagiarism in more than one work implies automatic failure of the subject.

Any student may change to the non-continuous assessment mode as long as he/she has not participated during the period of classes in assessable activities that together account for at least 50% of the total assessment of the subject. If a student has reached this 50% of evaluable activities or it, in any case, the period of classes has ended, he/she will be considered in continuous assessment without the possibility of changing assessment mode.

Non-continuous evaluation:

For those who do not follow the continuous assessment or do not have a sufficient average in the practicals and coursework, there will be an omnicomprehensive exam or equivalent work that will be worth 50% of the final mark. The other 50% will correspond to a practical (data journalism report).

In order to be able to be assessed for the course, a minimum of 4 will be required for each of these assignments.

Any student may change to the non-continuous assessment mode as long as he/she has not participated during the period of classes in assessable activities that together account for at least 50% of the total assessment of the subject. If a student has reached this 50% of evaluable activities or if, in any case, the period of classes has ended, he/she will be considered in continuous assessment without the possibility of changing assessment mode.

Specifications for the resit/retake exam:

Two formulas are established for the rertake exam:

1) the average mark obtained in the practicals during the course is maintained and the teacher will determine the form of recovery of suspended or unsubmitted practicals or, where appropriate, the performance of an exam or alternative work, which will average with the other marks.

2) In cases of non-continuous assessment, there will be an extraordinary comprehensive exam of the subject (50%) and the presentation of a research or report on data journalism (50%).

Specifications for the second resit / retake exam:

For the second resit / retake exam, the marks accumulated during the ordinary course will not count and the criteria for the Extraordinary Examination will be maintained.

This planning may be adapted and undergo slight modifications in the event of any extraordinary measure related to the COVID-19 health pandemic. However, even in an unforeseen scenario, we will try to maintain the assessment percentages as closely as possible to what is indicated in this guide.

9. Assignments, course calendar and important dates	
Not related to the syllabus/contents	
Hours	hours
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	30
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	5
Unit 1 (de 4): LANGUAGES, GENRES, SOURCES AND FORMATS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	8
Unit 2 (de 4): LEVELS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	10
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][project-based learning]	6
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	5
Unit 3 (de 4): APPLICATIONS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM: governance, transparency and journalism	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	12
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][project-based learning]	4
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	20
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	5
Unit 4 (de 4): APPLICATIONS OF SPECIALIZED JOURNALISM (2): Public Opinion and journalistic accuracy	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	5
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][project-based learning]	10
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	20
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	5
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	2
Project or Topic Presentations [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	3
Global activity	
Activities	hours
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	70
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][project-based learning]	20
Project or Topic Presentations [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	3
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Practical or hands-on activities]	20
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	35
	Total horas: 148

10. Bibliography and Sources								
Author(s)	Title/Link	Publishing house	Citv	ISBN	Year Description			
Campos Freire, Francisco	El cambio mediático	Comunicación social	Sevilla	978-84-92860-25-8	2010			
Pérez Curiel, Concha	Las fuentes en el periodismo especializado	EAE		3844336370	2011			
Lee Hunter, Mark	La investigación a partir de historias. Manual para periodistas de investigación	UNESCO			2009			
	https://books.google.es/books? id=Mv03AwAAQBAJ&printsec=frontcover&dq=periodismo+de+investigación&hl=es&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwin I Encuentro internacional de periodismo. La vigilancia del poder.	n1aGlyunbAhUlQMAKHT6eDLgQ6AE Univ. Externado	ITDAH#v=onepage&q=per	iodismo%20de%20ir	vestigación&f=false			
González, Julián	Repensar el periodismo. Transformaciones y emergencias del periodismo actual	Universidad del Valle		958-670-314-2	2004			
Aitamurto, Tanja; Sirkunnen, Esa & Lehtonen, Pauliina	Trends in Data Journalism				2011			
Bello, Domingo & López García Xosé	La divulgación del conocimiento en la sociedad de la información	Xunta de Galicia	Santiago de Compostela					
Berganza Conde, María Rosa	Periodismo especializado	Internacionales universitarias	Madrid		2005			

Blanco Barrios, Patricia	Una aproximación al periodismo de precisión	Univ. Andrés Bello	Caracas	2001
Bounegru, Liliana; Chambers, Lucy & Gray, Jonathan	Manual de periodismo de datos	Open Knowledge Foundation		2012
	http://interactivos.lanacion.com.ar/manual-data/			
Camacho Markina, Idoia	La especialización en el periodismo	Comunicación Social - Eds. y pubs.	Sevilla	2010
Caminos Marcet, José María	Periodismo de investigación. Teoría y práctica	Síntesis	Madrid	1997
Cavanilhas, João (Coord.)	Notícias e Mobilidade http://www.livroslabcom.ubi.pt/book/94	Labcom Books		2013
Dader, José Luis	Periodismo de precisión: la vía socioinformática de descubrir noticias	Síntesis	Madrid	1997
Domínguez, Eva & Pérez Colomé, Jord	Microperiodismos, aventuras digitales en tiempos de crisis	UOC	Barcelona	2012
Domínguez,	Microperiodismos, aventuras digitales en tiempos de crisis II	UOC	Barcelona	2013
Óscar & Gonzalo Rodríguez, Paula	Periodismo ciudadano y evolución positiva de la comunicación	Arial	Madrid	2011
Esteve, Francisco & Fernández del Moral,	Areas de especialización periodística	Fragua	Madrid	1999
Javier Fernández del Moral, Javier	Periodismo especializado	Arial	Barcelona	2004
Gray, Jonathan; Bounegru, Liliana & Chambers, Lucy (Eds.)	The Data Journalism Handbook	O'REILLY	Cambridge	978-1-449-33006-4 2012
Galdón, Gabriel	Desinformación. Método, aspectos, soluciones	EUNSA	Pamplona	1992
Galindo, Jesús (Coord.) Irigaray,	Técnicas de investigación en sociedad, cultura y comunicación	Pearson	México	1998
Fernando; Ceballos, Dardo & Manna, Matías	Periodismo digital: convergencia, redes y móviles	Laborde Libros	Rosario	2011
Kapúscinski, Ryszard	Los cínicos no valen para este oficio. Sobre el buen periodismo	Anagrama	Barcelona	2002
Lewis, Seth C.	Journalism in an Era of Big Data. Cases, concepts and critiques			2014
Maldonado, Ángeles & Rodríguez Yunta, Luis	La información especializada en internet. Guía de recursos	CINDOC	Madrid	2006
Mas de Xaxás, Xavier	Mentiras: viaje de un periodista a la desinformación	Destino	Barcelona	2005
Mayer- Schönberger,				
Viktor & Cukier, Kenneth	Big data. La revolución de los datos masivos	Turner Noema	Madrid	978-84-15832-10-2 2013
Meyer, Philip Moreno Castro,	Periodismo de precisión	Bosch	Barcelona	1993
Carolina; Gómez Mompart, Josep Lluis. 8 Gómez Font,	Periodismo de complejidad: Ciencia, Tecnología y Sociedad	Univ. Valencia	Valencia	2004
Xavier (Eds.) Noguera, José Manuel	Redes y periodismo. Cuando las noticias se socializan	UOC	Barcelona	2012
Ostgerwalder Alexander & Pigneur, Yves	Generación de modelos de negocio	Deusto	Barcelona	2011
	10 lecciones de periodismo especializado	Fragua	Madrid	2003
Salaverría,	Periodismo de investigación y pseudoperiodismo	Ed. Libertarias	Sevilla	2000
Ramón & Díaz Noci, Javier	Manual de redacción ciberperiodística	Universitats	Madrid	2003
(Coords.) Salazar, Idoia Valero	Las profundidades de internet	Trea	Gijón	2005
Sancho, José Luis	La infografía. Técnicas, análisis y usos periodísticos	UPF	Barcelona	2001
Zion, Lawrie & Craig, David Peña Acuña,	Ethics for digital journalists. emerging best practices	ROUTLEDGE	LONDON	978-0-415-85884-7 2015
Beatriz & Batalla Navarro, Pablo	Periodismo de Investigación	ACCI		978-84-16549-74-0 2017
	El periodismo de investigación en televisión a través del programa "Diario de"	UCM		2016

Sampedro, Víctor	El cuarto poder en red. Por un periodismo (de código) libre	CIESPAL	978-9978-55-124-0 2015
Franco, Marta & Pellicer, Miquel	a Optimismo para periodistas. Claves para entender los nuevos medios de comunicación en la era digital	UOC	978-84-9064-298-6 2014
Esteve, Francisco & Nieto, Juan Carlos	Nuevos retos del periodismo especializado	Schedas	978-84-942256-0-4
Sandulescu, Alexandra Maria	Fundamentos de métrica digital en las ciencias de la comunicación	UOC	978-84-9116-916-1 2017
Ramonet, Ignacio	La explosión del periodismo. De los medios de masas a la masa de medios	Univ. Guadalajara	978-607-742-123-8 2014
Bernal Treviño, Ana I.	Herramientas digitales para periodistas	UOC	978-84-9064-493-5 2014
Sanz, Carlos Rubio, Ángel L. & Sotelo, Joaquín		Asoc. Prensa Guadalajara	8460907554 2004