

# UNIVERSIDAD DE CASTILLA - LA MANCHA **GUÍA DOCENTE**

Course: FUNDAMENTALS OF PHYSICS I

Type: BASIC

Degree: 385 - DEGREE IN TELECOMMUNICATI TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING

Center: 308 - SCHOOL POLYTECHNIC OF CUENCA Year: 1

Main language: Spanish

Use of additional languages:

ECTS credits: 6 demic year: 2020-21 Group(s): 30 Duration: First se language

English Friendly: Y

web site. Virtual Campus Flationn			Dilliyua. N			
Lecturer: JUAN MANUEL SANCHEZ TOMAS - Group(s): 30						
Building/Office	Department	Phone number	Email	Office hours		
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Since this is a subject that begins in the first semester, it is not necessary to have specific knowledge of any other subject, although it is necessary the basic knowledge of secondary education, especially in physics and mathem

### 3. Justification in the curriculum, relation to other subjects and to the profession

The subject of physics of the Degree in Telecommunications Technology Engineering is divided into two subjects belonging to the block of basic subjects of the degree. Fundamentals of Physics I describes the physical laws and

Course compete

Description
Understanding and mastering the basic concepts of the general laws of mechanics, thermodynamics, fields and waves and electromagnetism and their application for solving engineering related problems. E03

G02 Correct, oral and written, communication skills.

G06

Knowledge of basic subjects and technologies, enabling students to learn new methods and technologies, as well as providing great versatility to adapt to new situations

The ability to look for and understand information, wether technical or commercial in different sources, to relate and structure it to integrate ideas and knowledge. Analysis, synthesis and implementation of ideas and G13

knowledge

### 5. Objectives or Learning Outcomes

### Course learning outc

Correct use of oral and written expression to convey ideas, technologies, results, etc.

Use of computer tools for numerical resolution of geometric and numerical problems Use of acoustic guided waves in acoustic tubes.

Use of the adequate approximation of a wave phenomenon, distinguishing between the geometric approximation and the wave one

Use of formal relationships that link physical magnitudes such as force or energy, with kinematic magnitudes in the resolution of mechanical problems

Correct handling of the mechanical magnitudes in three dimensions.

Modeling of general mechanical problems through mechanical oscillators.

Understanding of the thermodynamic magnitudes on which the acoustic waves are based.

Understanding of the behavior of acoustic waves in three dimensions, both in free propagation and in enclosures.

Understanding of the mechanical oscillator system behavior, with and without resistance, as well as their behavior with external disturbances of harmonic type.

# 6. Units / Contents Unit 1: Physical magnitudes

Unit 1.1 Dimensional analysis

Unit 1.2 Errors treatment
Unit 1.3 Review operations with vectors

Unit 1.4 PRACTICE 1. The measurement and its treatment

Unit 2.1 Rectilinear motion

Unit 2.2 Circular motion
Unit 2.3 Simple harmonic motion

Unit 2.4 Motion composition

Unit 2.5 PRACTICAL EXERCISE. Study of 2D motion using Excel

Unit 2.6 PRACTICAL EXERCISE. Calculation of speeds and numerical accelerations using Excel

Unit 3: Dynamics Unit 3.1 Forces. Newton ¿s Laws Unit 3.2 Work and energy

Unit 3.3 Power

## Unit 4: Mechanical oscillators

Unit 4.1 Damped oscillators

Unit 4.2 Forced oscillators

Unit 4.3 Electrical analogy. RCL circuit
Unit 4.4 PRACTICE 2. Study of the elastic constant of a spring

## Unit 5: One-dimensional waves. The vibrating rope

Unit 5.1 Mechanical waves on a forced rope at one end

Unit 5.2 Reflection and transmission of waves on a vibrating string

Unit 5.3 Own modes on a finite length string
Unit 5.4 PRACTICE 3. Stationary waves on a string

Unit 6: Two-dimensional waves. Vibrating membranes

Unit 6.1 Two-dimensinal. Helmholtz Equation Unit 6.2 Own modes in 2D

Unit 7: Fundamentals of thermology

Unit 6.3 PRACTICAL EXERCISE. Own modes in a rectangular membrane with Matlab

Unit 7.1 Thermal expansion

Unit 7.2 Ideal gases

Unit 7.3 Laws of thermodynamics

Unit 7.4 Heat transfer

# Unit 8: Three-dimensional waves. Acoustic waves

Unit 8.1 Acoustic wave equation in 3D. Flat waves and spherical waves Unit 8.2 Intensity and intensity level

Unit 8.3 Own modes in rooms

# Unit 8.4 Acoustic waveguides DITIONAL COMMENTS, REMARKS

The didactic material used in the development of the subject, and which is available in the virtual platform of the course, is:

- Software: Excel and Matlab
- Notes: transparencies of the subject.
- Collection of exercises
- Practices manual

7. Activities, Units/Modules and Methodology Related Competences (only degrees before

Training Activity	Methodology	RD 822/2021)	ECTS	Hours	As	Com	Description
Class Attendance (theory) [ON-SITE]	Lectures	E03 G02 G06	1	25	N		
Class Attendance (practical) [ON-SITE]	Problem solving and exercises	E03 G02	1	25	N		
Computer room practice [ON-SITE]	Practical or hands-on activities	E03 G02 G06 G13	0.12	3	Y	7	
Laboratory practice or sessions [ON-SITE]	Practical or hands-on activities	E03 G02 G06 G13	0.12	3	Y	7	
Writing of reports or projects [OFF-SITE]	Self-study	E03 G02 G06 G13	1.6	40	Y	7	
Study and Exam Preparation [OFF-SITE]	Self-study	E03 G02 G06 G13	2	50	N		
Individual tutoring sessions [ON-SITE]	Guided or supervised work	E03 G02 G06 G13	0.04	- 1	N		
Progress test [ON-SITE]	Assessment tests	E03 G02 G06 G13	0.04	- 1	Y	N	
Final test [ON-SITE]	Assessment tests	E03 G02 G06 G13	0.08	2	Y	7	
		Total:	6	150			
Total credits of in-class work: 2.4			Total class time hours: 60				
Total credits of out of class work: 3.6			Total hours of out of class work: 90				

As: Assessable training activity

Com: Training activity of compulsory overcoming (It will be essential to overcome both continuous and non-continuous assessment).

8. Evaluation criteria and Grading System			
Evaluation System	Continuous assessment	Non-continuous evaluation*	Description
Laboratory sessions	20.00%	20.00%	The exercises and delivery questionnaires solved in the classroom and at home, together with the laboratory practices and their public exposure will mean a numerical grade from 0 to 10. This qualification will mean 20% of the total grade of the subject. Students who can not attend laboratory practices should contact the responsible teacher at the beginning of the semester.
Test	80.00%	80.00%	Proof of progress will be weighted to obtain a numerical score between 0 and 10. This test can be divided into partial tests made throughout the course, where theoretical / practical knowledge will be evaluated. At least 10% of the progress tests must include the individualized grade of the work done in group by the students. This qualification will represent 80% of the total grade of the subject
Tota	il: 100.00%	100.00%	

According to art. 4 of the UCLM Student Evaluation Regulations, it must be provided to students who cannot regularly attend face-to-face training activities the passing of the subject, having the right (art. 12.2) to be globally graded, in 2 annual calls per subject, an ordinary and an extraordinary one (evaluating 100% of the competences).

### Evaluation criteria for the final exam:

Continuous assessment:

The final exam will be a global test that allows to overcome separately both the practices and the theoretical / practical contents developed throughout the course for those students who have not passed any of the partial evaluation tests.

Non-continuous evaluation:

The final exam will be a global test that allows to overcome separately both the practices and the theoretical / practical contents developed throughout the course for those students who have not passed any of the partial evaluation tests.

The final exam will be a global test that allows to ow Specifications for the resit/retake exam:

The final exam will be a global test of the whole subject Specifications for the second resit / retake exam:

The final exam will be a global test of the whole subject

9. Assignments, course calendar and important dates	
Not related to the syllabus/contents	
Hours	hours
Computer room practice [PRESENCIAL][Practical or hands-on activities]	3
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Practical or hands-on activities]	3
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	40
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-Istudy]	50
Suby and Earth Tepheration (NO COMM_gelf-subdy) Individual lutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL[dioded or supervised work]	1
	1
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	2
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	=
General comments about the planning: The units will be taught consecutively adapting to the actual calendar that is held in the semester in which the subject is located. Works will be asked with a periodicity	of two weeks, corresponding to the taught agenda.
is also planned to conduct a progress test, not mandatory, mid-term equivalent to 40% of the final grade of the subject. Also depending on the progress of the subject, the planning will be adapted.	
Unit 1 (de 8): Physical magnitudes	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	1
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	1
Unit 2 (de 8): Kinematics	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Class Attendance (metory) [PrescrivonLiptecuries] Class Attendance (practical) [PrescrivonLiptecuries] Class Attendance (practical) [PrescrivonLiptecuries]	3
	3
Unit 3 (de 8): Dynamics	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL] [Problem solving and exercises]	4
Unit 4 (de 8): Mechanical oscillators	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL [Problem solving and exercises]	3
Outs 5 (de 5): One-dimensional waves. The vibrating rope	<u>.</u>
One of the of the order of the state of the order of the	Hours
	6
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	•
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	6
Unit 6 (de 8): Two-dimensional waves. Vibrating membranes	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL] [Problem solving and exercises]	2
Unit 7 (de 8): Fundamentals of thermology	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Class Attendance (practical) IPRESENCIAL [Problem solving and exercises]	3
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Unit 8 (de 8): Three-dimensional waves. Acoustic waves	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	4
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	3
Global activity	
Activities	hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	25
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL] [Problem solving and exercises]	25
Crists Aueritadirus (priacular) princestrucius[priorumi sovinig and exercises] Computer room practice (PRESENCIAL[Priorumi sovinig and exercises) Computer room practice (PRESENCIAL[Practical or hands-so nactivities)	3
	3
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Practical or hands-on activities]	· ·
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	40
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	50
	1
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	2
	2
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	1

10. Bibliography and Sources						
Author(s)	Title/Link	Publishing house	Citv	ISBN	Year	Description
Arribas Garde, Enrique	Introducción a la física : (magnitudes, errores, vectores y	Moralea		84-95887-02-9	2001	
González, Félix A. (González Hernández)	La física en problemas	Tébar Flores		84-95447-07-X	2000	
Kinsler	Fundamentos de acústica	Limusa / Noriega Editores		968-18-2026-6	1995	
Linares, Llopis, Sancho	Acústica arquitectónica	Servicio de publicaciones de la UPV				
Serway, Raymond A.	Física para ciencias e ingeniería	McGraw-Hill		970-10-3582-8 (tomo	2002	
Tipler, Paul Allen	Física para la ciencia y la tecnología	Reverté		978-84-291-4428-4	2014	
Young y Freedman	Física universitaria	Pearson		978-607-32-2124-5	2013	
Alonso M. y Finn E.J.	Física	Adison Wesley				