

UNIVERSIDAD DE CASTILLA - LA MANCHA GUÍA DOCENTE

1. General information

 Course: VLSI DESIGN
 Code: 42373

 Type: ELECTIVE
 ECTS credits: 6

Degree: (CP)

Academic year: 2023-24

(CR)

Center: 108 - SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE OF C. REAL
Year: 4
Duration: C2
Main language: Spanish
Second language: English

Use of additional Technical documentation in English.

languages: English Friendly: Y

Web site: https://campusvirtual.uclm.es

Bilingual: N

Lecturer: JESUS SALIDO TERCERO - Group(s): 20								
Building/Office	Department	Phone number	Email	Office hours				
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2. Pre-Requisites

To take this course it is advisable to have completed the Basic Training modules (Module I) and the module common to the Computing Branch (Module II).

This subject supports and complements the competences and knowledge acquired in the subjects:

Computer Technology, Computer Structure, Design of Microprocessor-based Systems, and Embedded Systems

3. Justification in the curriculum, relation to other subjects and to the profession

This subject is integrated into the Complementary Training Optional Module.

4. Degree competences achieved in this course

Course competences

Code Description

IC01 Ability to design and build digital systems, including computers, based on microprocessors and communication systems.

INS01 Analysis, synthesis, and assessment skills.

INS04 Problem solving skills by the application of engineering techniques.

PER04 Interpersonal relationship skills.

SIS01 Critical thinking.
SIS03 Autonomous learning.

SIS05 Creativity.

UCLM03 Accurate speaking and writing skills.

5. Objectives or Learning Outcomes

Course learning outcomes

Description

An understanding of how technology has evolved in engineering and particularly in computers, such that it will allow the interpretation and analysis of future innovations.

Knowledge and experience in the use of the characteristics of the development platforms for mobile systems and an ability to design applications and services on them.

Ability to design specific-purpose hardware from a functional description of the system, respecting the imposed performance and cost requirements.

Additional outcomes

Be able to apply a methodology of digital circuit design from description and simulation to final implementation. Be able to develop embedded systems using programmable logic using the VHDL hardware description language.

6. Units / Contents

Unit 1: Introduction to digital hardware design

Unit 1.1 Introduction to digital logic

Unit 1.2 Numbering systems

Unit 2: Introduction to circuit logic

Unit 2.1 Logic gates and application of Boolean algebra

Unit 2.2 Synthesis of circuits using two-level gate networks

Unit 2.3 Design steps of VLSI circuits using VHDL

Unit 3: Implementation technology

Unit 3.1 Introduction to technologies

Unit 3.2 Practical aspects

Unit 4: Optimized implementation of logical functions

Unit 4.1 Optimization using Karnaugh maps

Unit 4.2 Optimization in complex systems

Unit 5: Numerical representation and arithmetic circuits

Unit 5.1 Arithmetic modules and applications

Unit 5.2 Design of arithmetic modules with VHDL

Unit 6: Combinational modules

Unit 6.1 Combinational modules and applications

Unit 6.2 Design of combinational modules with VHDL

Unit 7: Flip-flops, registers, and counters

Unit 7.1 Sequential modules and applications

Unit 7.2 Design of sequential modules with VHDL

Unit 8: Synchronous sequential systems

Unit 8.1 Formalization of sequential systems through finite automata

Unit 8.2 Design of finite automata with VHDL

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS, REMARKS

Laboratory exercises

- 1. Installing Quartus Prime (QP)
- 2. First project with QP (Block Diagram)
- 3. VHDL models and functional simulation with QP
- 4. Implementation of models with multiple functions
- 5. Implementation of arithmetic modules
- 6. Implementation of combinational modules
- 7. Design and implementation of synchronous event counter
- 8. Design and implementation of a timed sequence generator

7. Activities, Units/Modules and Methodology								
Training Activity	Methodology	Related Competences (only degrees before RD 822/2021)	ECTS	Hours	lours As (Description	
Class Attendance (theory) [ON-SITE]	Lectures	IC01	0.88	22	N	_	Presentations by the teacher at class (LEC)	
Individual tutoring sessions [ON-SITE]		IC01 PER04 SIS01	0.16	4	N -		Individual or small group tutoring in the teacher's office, class or laboratory (TUT)	
Study and Exam Preparation [OFF-SITE]	Self-study	IC01 INS01 INS04 SIS01 SIS03 UCLM03	1.68	42	2 N -		Individual Study (STU)	
Portfolio Development [OFF-SITE]	Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)	IC01 INS01 INS04 PER04 SIS01 SIS03 SIS05 UCLM03	1.28	32	N	-	Laboratory Practice Preparation (LAB-P)	
Problem solving and/or case studies [ON-SITE]	Combination of methods	IC01 INS01 INS04 SIS01 SIS05 UCLM03	0.64	16	Υ	N	Solving exercises by the teacher and students (EXE)	
Writing of reports or projects [OFF-SITE]	Combination of methods	IC01 INS01 INS04 SIS01 SIS03 SIS05 UCLM03	0.64	16	Υ	1/1	Writing a report on a topic proposed by the teacher (REP)	
Laboratory practice or sessions [ON-SITE]	Guided or supervised work	IC01 INS01 INS04 PER04 SIS01 SIS05 UCLM03	0.64	16	Υ		Completion of the programmed practices in the laboratory (LAB)	
Final test [ON-SITE]	Assessment tests	IC01 INS01 INS04 SIS01 SIS05	0.08	2	Υ		Completion of a final exam of the entire syllabus of the subject (EXA)	
Total:								
	Total class time hours: 60							
A A 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total hours of out of class work: 90							

As: Assessable training activity

Com: Training activity of compulsory overcoming (It will be essential to overcome both continuous and non-continuous assessment).

8. Evaluation criteria and Grading System								
Continuous assessment	Non- continuous evaluation*	Description						
50.00%	150 00%	Compulsory and recoverable activity to be carried out on the scheduled date for the final examination of the ordinary call.						
15.00%	115 00%	Non-compulsory and recoverable activity to be carried out before the end of the teaching period.						
	assessment 50.00%	Continuous assessment continuous evaluation* 50.00% 15.00%						

Portfolio assessment	25.00%		Compulsory and recoverable activity to be carried out both onsite sessions and independently outside the classroom.
Assessment of active participation	10.00%	10.00%	Non-compulsory and recoverable activity. To be carried out in the theory / laboratory sessions for students of the continuous modality. Non-continuous students will be evaluated for this activity through an alternative system in the ordinary exam.
Total:	100.00%	100.00%	

According to art. 4 of the UCLM Student Evaluation Regulations, it must be provided to students who cannot regularly attend face-to-face training activities the passing of the subject, having the right (art. 12.2) to be globally graded, in 2 annual calls per subject, an ordinary and an extraordinary one (evaluating 100% of the competences).

Evaluation criteria for the final exam:

Continuous assessment:

Iln compulsory activities, a minimum mark of 40% is required in order to pass that activity and have the possibility to therefore pass the entire subject. A compulsory activity cannot be divided into eliminatory parts, nor can minimum marks be established for each of its parts. In the case of the activities that may be retaken (i.e., rescheduling), an alternative activity or test will be offered in the resit/retake exam call (convocatoria extraordinaria).

The final exam will be common for all the theory/laboratory groups of the subject and will be evaluated by the lecturers of the subject in a serial way, i.e., each part of the final exam will be evaluated by the same lecturer for all the students.

A student is considered to pass the subject if she/he obtains a minimum of 50 points out of 100, taking into account the points obtained in all the evaluable activities, and also has passed all the compulsory activities.

For students who do not pass the subject in the final exam call (convocatoria ordinaria), the marks of activities already passed will be conserved for the resit/retake examcall (convocatoria extraordinaria). If an activity is not recoverable, its assessment will be preserved for the resit/retake exam call (convocatoria extraordinaria) even if it has not been passed. In the case of the passed recoverable activities, the student will have the opportunity to receive an alternative evaluation of those activities in the resit/retake exam call and, in that case, the final grade of the activity will correspond to the latter grade obtained

The mark of the passed activities in any call, except for the final exam, will be conserved for the subsequent academic year at the request of the student, provided that mark is equal or greater than 50% and that the activities and evaluation criteria of the subject remain unchanged prior to the beginning of that academic year.

The failure of a student to attend the final exam will automatically result in her/him receiving a "Failure to attend" (no presentado). If the student has not passed any compulsory evaluation activity, the maximum final grade will be 40%.

Non-continuous evaluation:

Students may apply at the beginning of the semester for the non-continuous assessment mode. In the same way, the student may change to the non-continuous evaluation mode as long as she/he has not participated during the teaching period in evaluable activities that together account for at least 50% of the total mark of the subject. If a student has reached this 50% of the total obtainable mark or the teaching period is over, she/he will be considered in continuous assessment without the possibility of changing to non-continuous evaluation mode.

Students who take the non-continuous evaluation mode will be globally graded, in 2 annual calls per subject, an ordinary and an extraordinary one (evaluating 100% of the competences), through the assessment systems indicated in the column "Non-continuous evaluation".

In the "non-continuous evaluation" mode, it is not compulsory to keep the mark obtained by the student in the activities or tests (progress test or partial test) taken in the continuous assessment mode.

Specifications for the resit/retake exam:

Evaluation tests will be conducted for all recoverable activities.

The failure of a student to attend the final exam will automatically result in her/him receiving a "Failure to attend" (no presentado), except in the case that the student conserves the mark for the final exam from the final exam call (convocatoria ordinaria). In the latter case, the student's carrying out of any other evaluable activity in the resit/retake exam call (convocatoria extraordinaria) will result in a numerical mark.

Specifications for the second resit / retake exam:

Same characteristics as the resit/retake exam call.

9. Assignments, course calendar and important dates	
Not related to the syllabus/contents	
Hours	hours
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][]	4
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	2
General comments about the planning: The subject is taught in 3 x 1,5 hour sessions per week.	
Unit 1 (de 8): Introduction to digital hardware design	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	2
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
Unit 2 (de 8): Introduction to circuit logic	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	6
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2

Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
Unit 3 (de 8): Implementation technology	-
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	6
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
Unit 4 (de 8): Optimized implementation of logical functions	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	6
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
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Unit 5 (de 8): Numerical representation and arithmetic circuits	Ua
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	4
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
Unit 6 (de 8): Combinational modules	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	6
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
Unit 7 (de 8): Flip-flops, registers, and counters	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	6
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
Unit 8 (de 8): Synchronous sequential systems	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	3
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	6
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	4
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	2
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	2
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	2
Global activity	
Activities	hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	22
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][]	4
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	42
Portfolio Development [AUTÓNOMA][Project/Problem Based Learning (PBL)]	32
Problem solving and/or case studies [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	16
Writing of reports or projects [AUTÓNOMA][Combination of methods]	16
Laboratory practice or sessions [PRESENCIAL][Guided or supervised work]	16
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	2
	Total horas: 150
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10. Bibliography and Sources							
Author(s)	Title/Link	Publishing house	Citv	ISBN	Year	Description	
Intel	Quartus Prime Introduction Using VHDL Designs	Intel			2017	Lab manual.	
Stephen E. Brown y Z. Vranesic	Fundamentos de Lógica Digital con Diseño VHDL 2ª Ed.	McGraw-Hill		970-10-5609-4	2006	Teoría y problemas.	
Terasic - Altera	DE0-Nano User manual	Terasic			2013	Lab manual.	
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Stephen E. Brown and Zvonko Vranesic	PUNGAMEMARI ƏŞİDARMAN İVE (GAL WIN VHDL Design 3rd. ed.	page/archive.pl?Languag McGraw-Hill	e=English&CategoryNo=1 978-007-126880-6	39&No=5 2009	93&PartNo=4 Theory and exercises.
Brock J. LaMeres	Introduction to Logic Circuits & Logic Design Using VHDL, 2nd. Ed.	Springer	978-3-030-12488-5	2019	This book addresses the lower-level foundational void by providing a comprehensive, bottoms-up coverage of digital systems. The book begins with a description of lower-level hardware including binary representations, gate-level implementation, interfacing, and simple combinational logic design. Only after a foundation has been laid in the underlying hardware theory is the VHDL language introduced. The VHDL introduction gives only the basic concepts of the language in order to model, simulate, and synthesize combinational logic.
	https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-	-12489-2			