

# **UNIVERSIDAD DE CASTILLA - LA MANCHA**

## **GUÍA DOCENTE**

1. General information									
Course	STATISTICS			Code: 38306					
Туре	BASIC			ECTS credits: 6					
Degree	: 345 - UNDERGRADUATE DEGREE PRO	GRAMME IN CI	VIL ENGINEERING	Academic year: 2023-24					
Center	: 603 - E.T.S. CIVIL ENGINEERS OF CR			Group(s): 20					
Year: 1				Duration: C2					
Main language: Spanish				Second language: English					
Use of additional languages:				English Friendly: Y					
Web site:				Bilingual: N					
Lecturer: ROSA EVA PRUNEDA GONZALEZ - Group(s): 20									
Building/Office	Department	Phone number	Email	Office hours					
Politecnico 2-D33	MATEMÁTICAS	3292	rosa.pruneda@uclm.es	Tuesday and Thursday from 16:00 to 18:00. From Monday to Thursday from 11:30 to 12:00.					

#### 2. Pre-Requisites

Previous knowledge: basic mathematical operations(powers, logarithms, fractions), polynomials, matrices, derivation, integration and graphic representation of functions. Basic computing skills

#### 3. Justification in the curriculum, relation to other subjects and to the profession

This course provides the necessary skills for analyzing and interpretating data. In many areas of civil engineering the data analysis allows to make decisions in the professional performance. In particular, the contents of this course will be useful in subjects as Techno

4. Degree competences achieved in this course						
Course competences						
Code	Description					
CE01	Students can apply their knowledge in the practical solution of civil engineering problems, with capacity for the analysis and definition of the problem, the proposal of alternatives and their critical evaluation, choosing the optimal solution with technical arguments and with capacity of defense against third parties.					
CE02	Students have the ability to broaden their knowledge and solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader (or multidisciplinary) contexts related to their area of study. Self-study ability, to undertake further studies with a high degree of autonomy					
CE04	Students have the ability to solve mathematical problems that may arise in engineering. Ability to apply knowledge of: linear algebra; geometry; differential geometry; differential and integral calculus; differential and partial derivative equations; numerical methods; numerical algorithms; statistics and optimization.					
CE06	Students have a basic knowledge of the use and programming of computers, operating systems, databases and software with engineering application.					
CG01	Students achieve general knowledge of Information and Communication Technologies (ICT).					

#### 5. Objectives or Learning Outcomes Course learning outo

#### Description

Students know and interpret the fundamental measures of descriptive statistics, approximate data through regression adjustments, know the fundamentals of probability, estimate the parameters of statistical models, build confidence intervals, contrast hypotheses and make decisions

Students are familiar with computer use: operative systems, databases, programming languages, and software applied to civil engineering.

Students are able to express correctly both orally and in writing and, in particular, they can use the language of mathematics as a way of expressing accurately the quantities and operations in civil engineering. Students get used to teamwork and behave respectfully

Students use mathematical and computer tools to pose and solve civil engineering problems

Students learn the most important approximations for numerical method resolution, use some statistical, data processing, mathematical calculation and visualization software packages at user level, develop algorithms and program using a high-level programming language, visualize functions, geometric shapes and data, design experiments, analyze data, and interpret results.

### Additional outcomes

Sudents realize that uncertaint is everywhere and engineers have to deal whit it. They develope skills analyzing the information contained in a data set by means of frequency tables, graphs and statistics. They know the most common models of discrete and continuous random variables and their relationship with engineering problems. They get the most common methods, including probability plots, for the estimation of extreme values ¿¿in engineering designs. They know return period concept for measuring engineering risk and make decisions based on probability, applying the usual estimation methods; contrast of hypothesis, regression, etc.

## 6. Units / Contents

b. Unit 1: DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS. Frequency tables. Graphics. Statistics. Unit 2: PROBABILITY. Definition. Properties. Conditional probability. Total probability and Bayes Theorems.

Unit 3: RANDOM VARIABLES. One-dimensional variables: Definition. Discrete variables. Probability function. Continuous variables. Density function. Mixed variables. Probability-density function. Distribution function. Two-dimensional variables. Definition. Density, probability and distribution function for two-dimensional variables. Unit 4: DISCRETE VARIABLES. One-dimensional variables: Bernouilli, binomial, negative binomial, pascal or geometric, poisson.

Unit 5: CONTINUOUS VARIABLES, One-dimensional variables: Uniform, exponential, normal, log-normal,

Unit 6: EXTREME DISTRIBUTIONS. Order Statistics. Distribution of an order statistic. Maximum distribution. Minimum distribution. Extreme distributions. Return period. Critical design values.

Unit 7: PROBABILITY PLOTS. Empirical function. Fundamentals of probability plots. Exceedance probability. Return period.

Unit 8: ESTIMATION. Punctual and by intervals. Estimation of proportions. Estimation of means. Estimation of variances. Unit 9: HYPOTHESIS CONTRASTS. Fundamentals of the hypothesis contrast. P-value. Contrasts of proportions, means and variances. Goodness of fit tests

Unit 10: REGRESSION. Linear regression model. Hypothesis of the model. Matrix form of a regression problem. Analysis of variance. Hypothesis contrasts in the regression models

7. Activities, Units/Modules and Methodology										
Training Activity	Methodology	Related Competences (only degrees before RD 822/2021)	ECTS	Hours	As	Com	Description			
Class Attendance (theory) [ON-SITE]	Lectures	CE01 CE02 CE04 CE06 CG01	1	25	N	-	-			
Class Attendance (practical) [ON-SITE]	Problem solving and exercises	CE01 CE02 CE04 CE06 CG01	0.68	17	N		-			
Final test [ON-SITE]	Assessment tests	CE01 CE02 CE04 CE06 CG01	0.16	4	Y	Y	Recoverable			
Study and Exam Preparation [OFF-SITE]	Self-study	CE01 CE02 CE04 CE06 CG01	3.6	90	N	-	-			
Progress test [ON-SITE]	Combination of methods	CE01 CE02 CE04 CE06 CG01	0.32	8	Y	N				
Group tutoring sessions [ON-SITE]	Combination of methods	CE01 CE02 CE04 CE06 CG01	0.12	3	N	-	-			
Individual tutoring sessions [ON-SITE]	Combination of methods	CE01 CE02 CE04 CE06 CG01	0.12	3	N	-	-			
		Total:	6	150						
		Total credits of in-class work: 2.4	ļ				Total class time hours: 60			
Total credits of out of class work: 3.6					Total hours of out of class work: 90					
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As: Assessable training activity Com: Training activity of compulsory overcoming (It will be essential to overcome both continuous and non-continuous assess

#### 8. Evaluation criteria and Grading System Continuous Non-continuous Evaluation System Description assessment evaluation\* Progress Test 0.00 0.00 rogress tests and on-line activitie Final test 60.00% 100.00% inal test Total: 100.00% 100.00%

According to art. 4 of the UCLM Student Evaluation Regulations, it must be provided to students who cannot regularly attend face-to-face training activities the passing of the subject, having the right (art. 12.2) to be globally graded, in 2 annual calls per subject, an ordinary and an extraordinary one (evaluating 100% of the competences).

### Evaluation criteria for the final exami

Continuous assessment: EXAM (60%) + PROJECTS AND TESTS (40%) You need 5 or more out of 10 to pass

During the course, 2 partial exams will be carried out. Minimum grade of 4 out of 10 is required in each one of them. The first partial includes the topics 1 to 5 inclusive, the second 6 to 10 inclusive. The average of the two partial exam's score is the EXAM score. In addition, various tests and activities will be carried out, the average of them will be the PROJECTS AND TESTS score.

Partial exams and / or PROJECTS AND TESTS scores (4 out of 10 minimum) are keept to the Final and Retake

The ordinary call will consist of an exam (60%) with two partials (minimum score 4 out 10 each one and final score is the average) and one practical computer test (40%). Grades are not saved from previous courses.

### Non-continuous evaluation:

The student will have to do a global exam including all the course and competence contents. To pass the course, the student must obtain at least a 5 out of 10 score, which will constitute 100% of his/her grade

Unless stated otherwise, continuous evaluation criteria will be applied to all students

Anyone choosing non-continuous assessment must notify it to the lecturer within the class period of the subject. The option is only available if the student's participation in evaluation activities (from the continuous assessment) has not reached 50% of the total evaluation for the subject

For the retake exam, the assessment type used for the final exam will remain valid. Grades are not saved from previous courses. Specifications for the resit/retake exam: Same criteria that the final exam. All the exam and projects and tests are recoverable. Specifications for the second resit/retake exam: The student will have to do a global exam that will include all the course and competences content. To pass the course, the student must obtain at least a 5 out of 10 score, which will constitute 100% of his/her grade. Grades are not saved from previous courses.

9. Assignments, course calendar and important dates	
Not related to the syllabus/contents	
Incurs nous nous nous	
	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2.5
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	1.7
rina test (PrESERV. JAL)ASsessment tests) Study and Exam Prenaration (All ICD/OMAISelf-study)	.4
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
Group tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Unit 2 (de 10): PROBABILITY. Definition. Properties. Conditional probability. Total probability and Bayes Theorems.	Herme
Activities Class Attendance (theory) IPRESENCIAL III ectures]	2.5
Class Attendance (practical) [PPESENCIAL]Problem solving and exercises]	1.7
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	.4
Study and Exam Preparation (AUTONOMA)[Self-study]	9
Progress test [PHESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
and pressions in the control (Combination of methods)	.3
Unit 3 (de 10): RANDOM VARIABLES. One-dimensional variables: Definition. Discrete variables. Probability function. Continuous variables. Density function. Mixed variables. Probability-der	nsity function. Distribution function. Two-dimensional
variables: Definition. Density, probability and distribution function for two-dimensional variables.	•
	Hours
Class Attendance (heory) [PRESENCIAL[Lectures]	2.5
Mass Alleridarie (praduca) ("Price Route) and exercises ("Final test (PRESENCIAL Research and exercises)"	.4
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	9
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
Group tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL](Combination of methods]	.3
Individual lutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Unit 4 (de 10): DISCHETE VARIABLES. Une-aimensional variables: Bernoullii, binomiai, negative binomiai, pascal or geometric, poisson.	Houre
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2.5
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	1.7
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	.4
Study and Exam Preparation (AUTONOMA)[Self-study]	9
Progress test [PHESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
and pressions in the control (Combination of methods)	.3
Unit 5 (de 10): CONTINUOUS VARIABLES. One-dimensional variables: Uniform, exponential, normal, log-normal.	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2.5
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	1.7
Initial test [PhtSetWork]Assessment tests]	.4 9
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
Group tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Unit 6 (de 10): EXTREME DISTRIBUTIONS. Order Statistics. Distribution of an order statistic. Maximum distribution. Minimum distribution. Extreme distributions. Return period. Critical design	n values.
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (nacical) (PRESENCIALIProblem solving and exercises)	1.7
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	.4
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	9
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
Group tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL](Combination of methods)	.3
Interview and a second	.3
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2.5
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	1.7
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	.4
Study and Exam Preparation (AU LONDMA)[Self-Study]	9
rogress test (= n=D=n=0.est_pointaison of methods) Group tutoring sessions (PRESENCIALICombination of methods)	.3
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Unit 8 (de 10): ESTIMATION. Punctual and by intervals. Estimation of proportions. Estimation of means. Estimation of variances.	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (heory) [PRESENCIAL[Lectures]	2.5
Mass Alleridance (praduca) (Frite Converting) routien solving and exercises) Final test (FRESENCIAL Lassessment tests)	.4
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTÓNOMA][Self-study]	9
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
[Group tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
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Unit 9 (de 10): 11 TO THESIS CONTRASTS. Fundamentals of the hypothesis contrast. P-value. Contrasts of proportions, means and variances. Goodness of fit tests.	Houre
Class Attendance (theory) [PRESENCIAL][Lectures]	2.5
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	1.7
Final test [PRESENCIAL][Assessment tests]	.4
[Study and Exam Preparation [AUTONOMA][Self-study] Paravase sted [INDERSENTAI] [Combination of mathode]	9
Progress test (Pressence Augustionination of methods)	.0
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Unit 10 (de 10): REGRESSION. Linear regression model. Hypothesis of the model. Matrix form of a regression problem. Analysis of variance. Hypothesis contrasts in the regression models.	
Activities	Hours
Class Attendance (theory) [PEESENCIAL][Lectures]	2.5
Dviass Auteriuarius (pracuida) (PrtESENUAL)[Problem soving and exercises]	
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTONOMA]Self-study]	
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.8
Group tutoring sessions (PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Individual tutoring sessions [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	.3
Giobal activity	houro
For unues Final test (PRESENCIAL liAssessment tests)	nours 4
Progress test [PRESENCIAL][Combination of methods]	8
Class Attendance (practical) [PRESENCIAL][Problem solving and exercises]	17
Study and Exam Preparation [AUTONOMA][Self-study]	90
Class Attendance (theory) [PHESENCIAL][Lectures] Individual turing easing (IPERSENCIAL (Combination of methods)	25
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10. Bibliography and Sources						
Author(s)	Title/Link	Publishing house	Citv	ISBN	Year	Description
Castillo, Enrique	Introducción a la Estadística Aplicada con Mathematica	[s.n.]		84-604-0299-1	1991	
Castillo, Enrique; Pruneda, Rosa Eva	Introducción a la Estadística Aplicada	Moralea		84-923157-4-1	2001	
Peña, Daniel	Fundamentos de Estadística	Alianza Editorial		978-84-206-8380-5	2008	
Spiegel, Murray R.	Estadística	McGraw-Hill		978-970-10-6887-8	2009	
Walpole, Ronald E.	Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists	Pearson Educación		978-970-26-0936-0	2007	
Devore, Jay L.	Probabilidad y estadística para ingeniería y ciencias /	CENGAGE Learning,		978-607-522-828-0	2016	